



## KINDRA DELIVERABLE D2.2

# NATIONAL WORKSHOPS ON HYDROGEOLOGY

### *Summary:*

In relation with the proposed investigation in the KINDRA project and to provide insight into past and ongoing hydrogeological research in Europe, project dissemination on national level is crucial. To facilitate this work, EFG Linked Third Parties participating in the project organized hydrogeology-related national workshops. The objective of the workshops was to facilitate interaction among stakeholders and come to a common understanding of the key research priorities in each particular country. Mapping the practical and scientific knowledge related to hydrogeology had already started before the event, while the workshops provided platforms for stakeholder interaction, the dissemination of project objectives and facilitated national-level networking. This deliverable highlights these workshops providing stakeholders' view on the project, but also on hydrogeological research in general.

### *Authors:*

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Project acronym:	KINDRA
Project title:	Knowledge Inventory for hydrogeology research
Grant Agreement number:	642047
Call identifier:	H2020-WATER-2014-one-stage
Topic:	WATER-4a-2014
Start date of the project:	01/01/2015
Duration:	36 months
Website:	<a href="http://www.kindraproject.eu">www.kindraproject.eu</a>

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## Table of contents

1. Introduction.....	4
2. Countries involved in the National workshop.....	5
3. Programmes of the workshops.....	7
4. Outcome and feedback from the participants.....	8

Annex 1. PowerPoint presentations for introducing the project to the audience

Annex 2. Programme and photos of the workshops per country in alphabetical order

Table 1. EFG's KINDRA Linked Third Parties involved in the organisation of the National workshops together with relevant data on venue

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Presently, the practical and scientific knowledge related to hydrogeology research and innovation are scattered amongst various actors in Europe. One of the main objectives of the KINDRA project is the Europe-wide assessment and data collection of existing groundwater-related practical and scientific knowledge focusing on international (in EU dimensions), national and regional scientific activities. Additionally, creation of an inventory of knowledge-base will serve for identification of critical research challenges in line with the implementation of the WFD and new innovation areas within integrated water resources management.

The assessment and data collection have been implemented with support of the European Federation of Geologists Linked Third Parties (20 National Associations) participating in the project. To assure the assessment and quality of data, they were asked to organise the hydrogeology-related national workshops. The objective of the workshops was to facilitate interaction among stakeholders and come to a common understanding of the key research priorities in each particular country, while at the same time, workshops also served as platforms for stakeholder interaction, dissemination of project objectives and national-level networking.

The recent deliverable (D2.2) summarises the content and outcome of the national workshops on hydrogeology.

## 2. COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN THE NATIONAL WORKSHOPS

The EFG National Associations from 20 European countries (EFG Linked Third Parties, LTPs), were asked to organise national workshops on hydrogeology. The European Federation of Geologists, as the leader of this task, informed the Linked Third Parties on their role as organisers, using standard communication channels (e-mail, web site, LTPs Google Drive). Administrative and organisational support of the EFG Office were available to LTPs in the process of workshop preparation as well as PowerPoint presentations for introducing the project to the audience (Annex 1).

The LTPs were encouraged to organise the workshop within the frame of a larger event (e.g. international conferences, NA annual meetings) or in co-organisation with other national and international organizations, if possible, in order to increase the visibility of the project and have higher dissemination impact. This was the case for 10 National Associations (Greece, Serbia, Hungary, Germany, France, Poland, Belgium, Croatia, Denmark and Portugal; Table 1). The rest of the workshops were organised in the National Associations headquarters. The national workshops of Switzerland, Ireland and UK will be organised in the first quarter of 2017 due to the technical difficulties and lack of human resources, as reported by those LTPs. An update of this deliverable will be released after the end of the late workshops.

Although the overall scope was the same, the size of the workshops considerably varied as EFG covers small and large European countries as well. The total number of the participants in 17 European countries was 540 (Table 1).

After the workshop, the LTPs were asked to provide all relevant information related to the event (programme, list of participants, some photos and a report on what have been discussed and concluded) which were used for preparing this deliverable. In Table 1, the National Associations, together with the workshops details and number of participants are indicated.

Table 1. EFG's KINDRA Linked Third Parties involved in the organisation of the National workshops together with relevant data on venue

Country	Organizer	Date	Venue	No. of participants
<b>Greece</b>	Geological Society of Greece and Association of Greek Geologists	26 May 2016	14th International Congress of the Geological Society of Greece	65

<b>Serbia</b>	Serbian Geological Society and University of Belgrade	28 June 2016  16 September 2016	Faculty of Mining and Geology of the University of Belgrade  15th Serbian Hydrogeological Symposium with international participation	22  33
<b>Hungary</b>	Hungarian Geological Society	25 August 2016	Annual Field Meeting of the Hungarian Geological Society	26
<b>Spain</b>	Spanish Association of Professional Geologists	15 September 2016	Spanish Association of Professional Geologists headquarters	31
<b>Czech Republic</b>	Czech National Kindra Expert Group	15 September 2016	Czech Association of Economic Geologists headquarters	14
<b>Germany</b>	Professional Association of German Geoscientists	16 September 2016	2nd Meggen Days of Mineral Resources	42
<b>France</b>	French Geological Society	27 September 2016	43rd annual congress of the International Association of Hydrogeologists, Montpellier	750 (total number of conference participants)
<b>Finland</b>	The Finnish Union of Environmental Professionals	27 September 2016	The Finnish Union of Environmental Professionals headquarters	5
<b>Ukraine</b>	Ukrainian Association of Geologists	4 October 2016	Institute of Geology, National Taras Shevchenko University	29
<b>Belgium/ Luxembourg</b>	Belgo-Luxembourg Union of Geologists, with support of Vivaqua	12 October 2016	Vivaqua Centre	15
<b>Poland</b>	Polish Association of Mineral Asset Valuers	11-14 October 2016	Polish Geothermal Congress	38
<b>Italy</b>	Italian National Council of Geologists with support of Sapienza University	20 October 2016	Department of Earth Sciences, Sapienza University of Rome	66
<b>Croatia</b>	Croatian Geological Society	20 October 2016	Conference - Current issues in water supply and sewage	32
<b>Denmark</b>	Danish Geological Society	27 October 2016	Annual Danish Hydrogeology Day	25

<b>Slovenia</b>	SGS, Slovenian Committee of International Association; Association of Hydrogeologists and Chair of Applied Geology	27 October 2016	Department of Geology, University of Ljubljana	25
<b>The Netherlands</b>	Geological Survey of the Netherlands	10 November 2016	TNO – Geological Survey of the Netherlands	39
<b>Portugal</b>	Portuguese Association of Geologists	11 November 2016	6th Annual Conference of the Portuguese Association of Geologists	33
<b>UK</b>	Geological Society of London	January 2017	tbd	
<b>Switzerland</b>	Swiss Association of Geologists	March 2017	Annual Meeting of the Swiss Association of Geologists	
<b>Ireland</b>	Institute of Geologists of Ireland	March 2017	tbd	

### **3. PROGRAMME OF THE WORKSHOP**

The timeframe of the workshops was approximately 2 hours. During the registration, participants frequently received information leaflets about KINDRA. The workshop programme started by a welcome note and a presentation of the workshop agenda, usually by the President of the National Association hosting the event or by a national expert. The short introduction was followed in terms of general overview of the KINDRA project and participants were provided with basic information about the Horizon2020 Programme with special focus on the aims and objectives of the KINDRA project together with the information related to the availability of hydrogeological data in the particular country. After the basic overview, the HRC-SYS groundwater research classification and the EIGR European Inventory of Groundwater Research including practical example of the EIGR entries were presented. The presenters frequently used the Power Point presentations provided by the EFG via LTPs Google Drive or sent directly to the experts via email on their request.

The Power Point presentations were followed by the discussion and opinion exchange between the audience and KINDRA team.

Annex 2 contains the detailed programme of the national workshops per country together with some photos from the event provided by the EFG LTPs.

#### **4. OUTCOME AND FEEDBACK FROM THE PARTICIPANTS**

As mentioned in the introduction, the workshops served as a platform for disseminating the project at a national level and at the same time facilitate interaction and discussion between workshop participants and KINDRA national experts. All the participants were very interested in KINDRA project and pointed out the importance of establishing the database of hydrogeological researches and accessibility of data online on European, but also on national level. Some of them (Denmark) indicated that it would really nice if the EIGR would be THE database with all groundwater information in Europe, including material on Research Gate, Scopus and Web of Science. Some participants were concerned on the data and platform maintenance in the future (Greece, Belgium, Spain, Serbia) and pointed out that the platform should also be communicated to the general public as an access to reliable scientific information on hydrogeology. The importance of pursuing roadmaps aimed at supporting policies that will enable an access as simple as possible to hydrogeological knowledge by technicians, researchers and professionals was stressed out (Italy), since quality and effectiveness of interventions and scientific research (aimed at both use and protection of groundwater) rely on data availability and reliability.

Participants discussed the involvement of the EU Member States related to the implementation policy according to recommendations of the Water Framework Directive in the field of works on the protection of groundwater resources and improvement of water quality. During discussion the degree of national involvement in the implementation of policy of sustainable development was also assessed.

The general conclusions of the workshops were that the first two steps of the project (i.e. Classification and Inventory) were completed and that the upcoming months will be mainly dedicated to the dissemination, as all technical content and results will be finally adapted into outreach materials that will help the general public to understand the relevance of groundwater in daily life. In order to achieve this, the close cooperation between public and private sector is necessary.



## **Annex 1. PowerPoint presentations for introducing the project to the audience**

## Project overview

**KINDRA**  
Knowledge Inventory for hydrogeology research

**KINDRA project overview:  
a knowledge inventory for  
hydrogeology research**

State of the Knowledge for hydrogeology research in Europe  
KINDRA orientation workshop for national experts

**KINDRA**

Project partners

**SAPIENZA**  
UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA

**MISKOLCI EGYETEM**  
UNIVERSITY OF MISKOLC

**CENTRO FUTURO**

**EUROPEAN COMMISSION**  
EUROPEAN RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM

**GEUS**

**JUNTA DE ANDALUCÍA**  
REGIONAL MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES AND ENVIRONMENT

Including:  
- A Joint Panel of Experts (10 members)  
- 20 third parties (associations acting as national members of EFG network)

**KINDRA**

**Vision of the project**

A project on groundwater research inventory and dissemination to make groundwater visible. Raising awareness on the importance of groundwater is our priority. KINDRA will work together in close collaboration with the technical and scientific community, stakeholder groups and with the general public.

**Who can help us?**

**Classification**  
• Joint Panel of Experts

**Inventory**  
• 20 third parties (national representatives of EFG network)

**Dissemination**  
• EFG dissemination capacity  
• Collaboration with JPI, E3, WG-C, IAH, WISSTP, ICT4water cluster, etc.

All technical content and results will be finally adapted into outreach materials that will help the general public to understand the relevance of groundwater in daily life.

**EU-harmonised Hydrogeological Research Classification System**

**Inventory of Groundwater Information Sources at EU scale (with EFG members)**

**European Inventory of Groundwater Research and Innovation (EIGRI)**

**Test and population of the Inventory EIGRI by data collection and processing**

**Research gaps and corresponding suggestions for research agendas in line with WFD**

**EIGRI as a public - access permanent, searchable service on ongoing hydrogeological research**

**KINDRA**

**Aims of the project (2015-2017)**

To create an inventory of GW knowledge-base and then use the inventory to identify critical research challenges, in line with the implementation of the WFD and new innovation areas within integrated water resources management based on the latest research.

- ✓ Create a uniform EU-harmonised categorisation approach / terminology for reporting groundwater research (a Hydrogeological Research Classification System – HRC-SYS).
- ✓ Carry out EU-wide assessment of existing practical and scientific knowledge (using the developed HRC-SYS) focusing on EU, national, regional, international and EU-third party scientific activities
- ✓ Create a European Inventory of Groundwater Research and Innovation (EIGRI). This register will be supported by a web-service that will be searchable by selected key-words and will support users with query functions for statistics, diagrams, and others concise data elaboration.
- ✓ Use the data in the register and the developed analytical tools (qualitative/quantitative) to assess the performance of key ongoing EU, national, regional, international and EU-third party hydrogeological scientific and innovation activities and results.
- ✓ Compare the results with existing recommendations and position papers, outcomes of past Projects workshops, recommendations by the EIP on Water WISSTP
- ✓ Define research gaps and corresponding suggestions for research agendas in line with WFD
- ✓ Deploy the Register as a public-access service, to be used as a permanent, searchable service on ongoing hydrogeological research and innovation

**KINDRA**

**Project structure and where we are**

**WP4 - Dissemination and communication (LPRC)**  
Dissemination and management  
Dissemination and support services  
Leveraging dissemination and dialogue

**WP1 - Methodology framework development (SAPIENZA)**  
Harmonised framework for reporting hydrogeology-related research and innovation (programmes, projects, results, reports, scientific papers, hydrogeological Research Classification System – HRC-SYS, European Inventory of Groundwater Research-EIGRI)

**WP2 - Data collection and processing (EFG)**  
EU-wide assessment of existing practical and scientific knowledge on hydrogeology-related research and innovation in Europe  
National workshops on hydrogeology  
Data collection and processing  
country reports

**WP3 - Research gaps and recommendations (GEUS)**  
Identify research gaps in hydrogeology research that have relevance for the implementation of the Water Framework and Groundwater Directives (WFD and GCD)  
Multi-country research evaluation  
Research gaps identified  
Recommendations formulated

**WPS - Project management (SAPIENZA)**  
Quality Assurance and Risk Management  
Project Coordination  
Project management  
Exploitation of results and IPR

**KINDRA**

**WP4 - Dissemination synergies and strategies**

- ✓ Our network is available for interacting with other groups, for dissemination and common initiatives (joint workshops, shared non-technical documents, etc.)
- ✓ EC requires coordination among all Water4a projects (WIDEST, WaterInEU, FREEWAT and BlueSCities); and with 10 previous « water » FP7 projects federated in the ICT4water cluster
- ✓ We are interested to have contacts with stakeholders, EIP water action groups, SPI researches, JRC water, water JPI, scientific associations (IAH, EGU), water networks (as WISSTP and others), SMEs, etc.
- ✓ Knowing the results of past and on-going project on groundwater is necessary for us to build a successful project
- ✓ We are looking for information to help us to build and populate our inventory: archives, monitoring databases, guidance and best practice documents, etc.
- ✓ We are performing a preliminary inventory of information sources (by EFG members) and a stakeholder analysis by a survey to provide a continuous assessment monitoring of end-user interest
- ✓ We activated accounts on main social media networks
- ✓ The EFG and IAH communities are reached by their newsletters

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**WP1 – Classification (HRC-SYS): keywords selection**

For developing the common terminology on which to base the EIGR through the HRC-SYS, keywords characterising research on groundwater have been identified following two approaches: (1) from the most important *EU directives and documents*, i.e. the *WFD, GWD and The Blueprint to Safeguard Europe's Water Resources*, and (2) from *groundwater related scientific literature*, which has been fundamental for identifying relationships and intersections between topics, themes and activities.

To assess the importance and pertinence of the keywords, these have been ranked by performing searches via the Web of Science, Scopus and Google Scholar search engines.

**WP1 – Classification (HRC-SYS): hierarchy and categories**

The complete merged list of keywords consisting of about 200 terms has been organised in a *tree hierarchy*, identifying three main categories: **Societal Challenges (SC)**, **Operational Actions (OA)** and **Research Topics (RT)**.

In each of these three categories, 5 overarching groups have been defined for easy overview of main research areas, representing level 1. All identified keywords have been categorised into one of these overarching group in up to three levels where appropriate.

**WP1 – Classification (HRC-SYS): CUBE & related 2D diagrams**

The classification system reviews the interaction among the three main categories through a *3D approach*, where along each axis the 5 overarching groups are indicated.

This also results in a *2D representation* for each of the Societal Challenges, where Operational Actions and Research Topics interact in a 2D matrix.

**WP1 – Inventory (EIGR)**

The scope of the EIGR are the following:

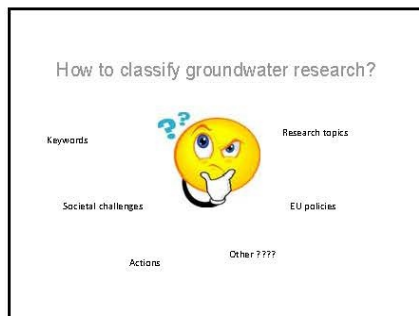
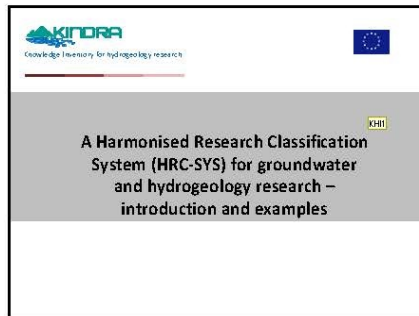
- for insertion of information pertaining to groundwater research and other available knowledge by the National Experts of the European Federation of Geologists (EFG);
- for consultation during and after the project by people and organisations dealing with groundwater research, but also possibly by non experts;
- for analysing collected and stored information to identify trends, challenges and gaps in groundwater research, by the KINDRA partners.

The EIGR is intended to be a permanent resource, publicly available after the end of the KINDRA project.

**What are the "added values" of KINDRA?**

- KINDRA and its inventory are exclusively dedicated to "groundwater", differently from other databases
- Combining research and knowledge it enables to merge academic and practitioner communities
- A dedicated classification system has been created to classify your product, paper, project, report, database, etc.
- Database analysis will be used for EU policy support
- It is intended BY and FROM geologists and "groundwater" people, to promote networking and enlarge our community
- It will be a international access to national knowledge sources

## HRC-SYS



**Extract from summary**

The present document details the final terminology and classification methodology on groundwater R&D results and activities with keywords derived from EU directives and 20 scientific journals publishing groundwater research with high impact factors.

**Table of contents:**

1. Executive Summary	page 4
2. Review of previous and current international projects related to groundwater research classification schemes	page 6
3. Selection of keywords for classification	page 8
3.1 Identification of relevant keywords from the Water Framework and Groundwater Directives and the Blueprint to Safeguard Europe's Water Resources	page 8
3.2 Identification of most common keywords selected from scientific journals	page 10
3.3 Merged list of keywords identified in EU policy documents and scientific journals	page 13
4. Definition of overarching themes, activities and topics	page 14
4.1 Using societal challenges of Horizon 2020 as main themes	page 14
4.2 Identifying main activities / operational actions from selected keywords	page 16
4.3 Identifying main groups of research topics	page 18
5. Grouping of merged keyword list in main themes, activities and topics	page 21
5.1 Grouping of keywords into sub-levels of Operational Actions (OA) and Research Topics (RT)	page 22
6. Final proposal for a groundwater research classification system, HRC – SYS	page 26

**Ch3: Selection of keywords for classification**

Main sources for keywords selection:

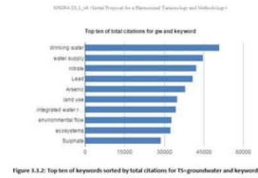
1. 20 key groundwater science journals
2. Scopus / Web of Science / Google Scholar
3. EU policy documents (Water Framework and Groundwater directives, Blueprint to Safeguard Europe's Water Resources)

(based on keywords from journals, WFD, GWD and Blueprint to safeguard European Water Resources):

Table 5.2: List of keywords from Scientific Journals and their grouping

[illegible]

### Ch3. Selection of keywords - Web of science

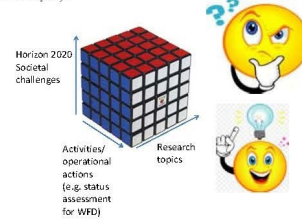


### Ch3: Merged and grouped list of selected keywords

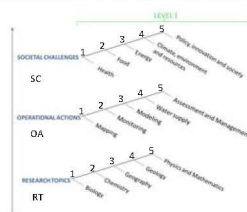
Grouping of >200 keywords selected from peer reviewed journals and EU policy documents:

	Unit 1	Research Topics	Unit 2
Ecology	Introduction	Population	Introduction
	Population	Community	Community
	Population	Population	Population
	Community	Community	Community
	Community	Community	Community
Evolution	Evolution	Evolution	Evolution
	Evolution	Evolution	Evolution
	Evolution	Evolution	Evolution
	Evolution	Evolution	Evolution
	Evolution	Evolution	Evolution
Genetics	Genetics	Genetics	Genetics
	Genetics	Genetics	Genetics
	Genetics	Genetics	Genetics
	Genetics	Genetics	Genetics
	Genetics	Genetics	Genetics
Physiology	Physiology	Physiology	Physiology
	Physiology	Physiology	Physiology
	Physiology	Physiology	Physiology
	Physiology	Physiology	Physiology
	Physiology	Physiology	Physiology
Development	Development	Development	Development
	Development	Development	Development
	Development	Development	Development
	Development	Development	Development
	Development	Development	Development
Behavior	Behavior	Behavior	Behavior
	Behavior	Behavior	Behavior
	Behavior	Behavior	Behavior
	Behavior	Behavior	Behavior
	Behavior	Behavior	Behavior
Systematics	Systematics	Systematics	Systematics
	Systematics	Systematics	Systematics
	Systematics	Systematics	Systematics
	Systematics	Systematics	Systematics
	Systematics	Systematics	Systematics
Conservation	Conservation	Conservation	Conservation
	Conservation	Conservation	Conservation
	Conservation	Conservation	Conservation
	Conservation	Conservation	Conservation
	Conservation	Conservation	Conservation

How to classify groundwater research (in Europe)?



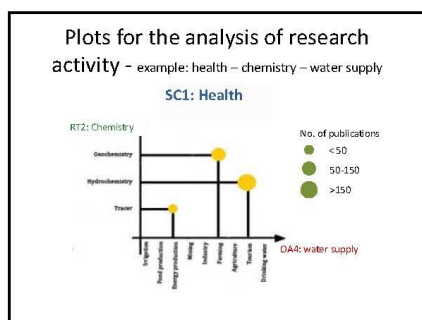
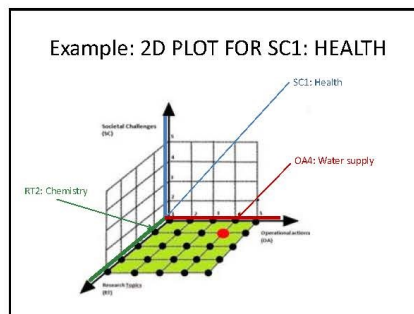
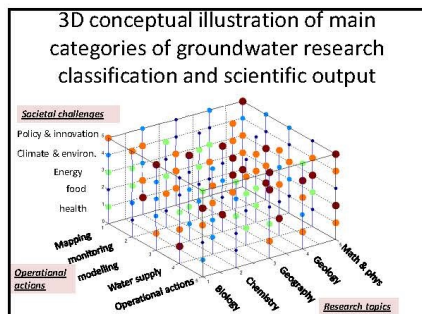
### Definition of main categories for groundwater research classification



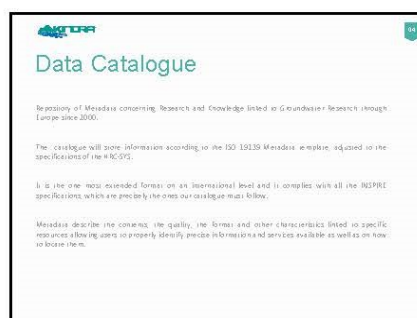
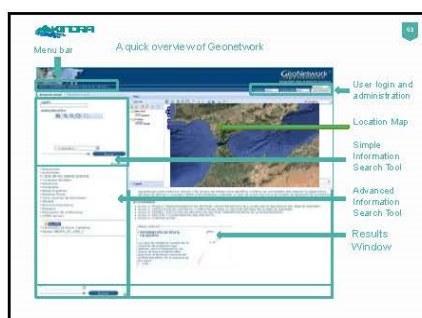
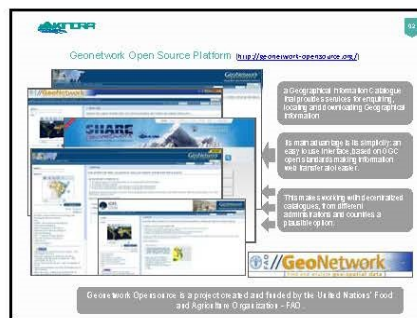
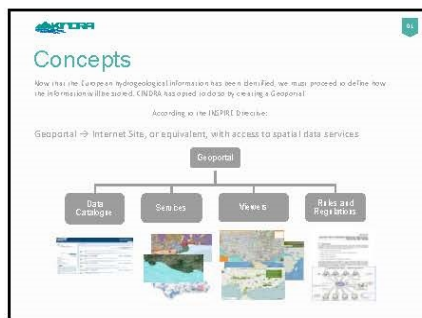
## Main categories in HRC-SYS

**Table 2.1** The overarching groups, for an easy overview of the main research dimensions:

Societal Challenges	Operational Actions	Research Topics
1. Health	1. Mapping	1. Biology
2. Food	2. Monitoring	2. Chemistry
3. Energy	3. Modelling	3. Geography
4. Climate, environment and resources	4. Water supply	4. Geology
5. Policy, innovation and society	5. Assessment and Management	5. Physics and Mathematics



## EIGR



## Metadata

The purpose for creating metadata is to organize and maintain the information created as well as to promote the availability and the use of data.

Meisda is provide the answers to Who, What, When, Where, Why and How by indicating:

- The title and overall description of the resource;
- The purpose of the resource and the use it fulfills;
- The date of creation of resource and, where ever applicable, the update process it is subject to;
- The geographic location of the resource;
- The name of the resource;
- The criteria and constraints or restrictions, that applies to their use and explanation;
- The quality of the resource.

!!!!!!VERY IMPORTANT!!!!

The information inserted in the EIGR must be as complete as possible.

This will allow the search engines and future user consultations to carry out thorough information analysis.

The EIGR will serve as a repository of this knowledge, and as a tool that will allow for queries and searches by selecting keywords, generating statistics, diagrams and other functions to help support the exploitation of the catalogued information.

## European Inventory on Groundwater Research: EIGR



## European Inventory on Groundwater Research: EIGR

The inclusion of resources into the EIGR is carried out by completing a number of fields included in the EIGR Metadata template

The EIGR Metadata template is divided into four Main Sections:

- RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION
- DISTRIBUTION INFORMATION
- DATA QUALITY INFORMATION
- METADATA INFORMATION

### RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

The title, acronym (when applicable), abstract, the authors and their contact details.

Collaborating organizations and/or programs, funding sources and amount.

Geographical extent covered as well as other relevant identification details (e.g. ISBN, ISSN) and if there are any existing legal constraints related to the resource.

In this section is where the HRC-SYS keywords and overarching categories (within Societal Challenges, Operational Actions and Research Topics) are defined for each resource.

Fields indicated by \* are to be considered as mandatory

### RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

Title\*: (Name by which the resource is known)

Alternative Title: (Acronym)

Date - creation\*: (Reference date of creation of the resource)

## IDENTIFICATION INFO

- Data identification

• Citation

alternate title: 26 00

Formal assessment of effective exposure English

Agwa



**RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

Series: (Information concerning the series or collection to which the resource belongs to.)  
 Name: (Name of the series or collection to which the resource belongs to.)  
 Issue identification: (Name of the series or collection to which the resource belongs to.)  
 Page: (Details on which pages of the publication the resource belongs to.)  
 Collective title: (Title of the collective series or collection to which the resource belongs to.)  
 ISSN: (International Standard Book Number.)  
 ISBN: (International Standard Serial Number.)

Series:

Issue identification:

Page:

Collective title:

ISSN:

ISBN:

**RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

Abstract\*: (A brief narrative summary of the content of the resource)  
 Purpose: (Purpose for which the resource was created)  
 Credit: (Recognition of the organizations or programs who contributed to the resource and/or are responsible for funding, amount of funding or total budget. The field may be included in many times as may be required according to the amount of existing organizations)

Abstract\*:

Purpose:

Credit:

**RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

Point of contact: (Identification of the person and organization responsible of the resource)  
 Organization's name\*:  
 Contact's position:

Point of contact:

Individual name:

Organization name:

Position name:

**RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

Contact information: (Phone and/or fax number)  
 Address: (Street, City, Administrative area, Postal code, Country)  
 e-mail address:

Contact information:

Address:

e-mail address:

**RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

Descriptive Keywords\*: (The keyword value is a commonly used word, formalized word or phrase used to describe the subject. They help narrowing a full text search and allow for structured keyword search)

NOTE! Insertion of keyword is mandatory

Descriptive keywords:

Keyword:

Keyword:

Keyword:

Keyword:

Keyword:

Keyword:

Keyword:

Keyword:

Keyword:

Keyword:

**RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

Resource constraints: (Provides information about constraints that apply to the resources)  
 Legal constraints: (Restrictions and legal prerequisites for accessing and using the resource or metadata)  
 Use limitations: (Limitation affecting the fitness for use of the resource, for example if it is not apt to be employed for further research efforts due to specific conditions)  
 Access constraints: (Restrictions to ensure the protection of privacy or intellectual property, and any special restrictions or limitations on obtaining the resource: License, Patent, Pending Patent, restricted, Trademark, Copyright)  
 Use constraints: (Restrictions to ensure the protection of privacy or intellectual property, and any special restrictions or limitations on using the resource: License, Patent, Pending Patent, restricted, Trademark, Copyright)  
 Other constraints: (Other constraints or legal prerequisites for accessing and using the resource)

Resource constraints:


Legal constraints:

Use limitations:

Access constraints:

Use constraints:


Other constraints:



# RECORD IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

**Topic categories\***: These are the overarching categories defined by the HRC-SYS: Societal Challenges (SCs), Operational Actions (OAs) and Research Topics (RTs). It is mandatory to classify the record individuating at least one main SC, one main OA and one main RT.

+ Topic category : SC	
+ Topic category : SC	
+ Topic category : SC	
+ Topic category : SC	
+ Topic category : SC	



# RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION


**Extent:** (Spatial reference of the resource)

**Geographic Element:** (The geographic component of the extent referring to the resource)

**Geographic bounding box:** This is the geographic position of the resource given as a bounding box where the following items can be specified:

West longitude:  
 East longitude:  
 North latitude:  
 South latitude:

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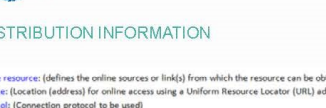
 **CC BY-NC-SA**

## DISTRIBUTION INFORMATION

This section indicates users the delivery or distribution methods available for the resource.

It describes if there are any online or physical distribution methods that exist for the resource.

Contents distributed online may be downloadable.

[illegible]

**DISTRIBUTION INFORMATION**

**Online resource:** (defines the online sources or links) from which the resource can be obtained)

**Linkage:** (Location (address) for online access using a Uniform Resource Locator (URL) address)

**Protocol:** (Connection protocol to be used)

**Name of the resource**

**Description:** (Detailed text description of what the online resource is/does)

\* **Online resource**

\* **Linkage**

URL:

Protocol:  (Suggestion)

Name of the resource:

Description:

Protocol:

Name of the resource:

Description:

**Research and Knowledge Classification**

## DATA QUALITY INFORMATION

Provides an overall assessment on the quality of the resources by classifying the work according to Research and Knowledge classes defined by KINORA.

**Definition of research and knowledge classes 1 to 4.**

Research		Knowledge	
Class-1	Class-2	Class-1	Class-2
Articles in peer reviewed journals occurring in WoS or Scopus databases only	Conference proceedings, monographs, book chapters etc. Found in WoS and Scopus extended databases (all entries)	Reports from research projects, national technical journals, etc. with internal external QA (identified by EFG experts)	Reports, data reports, popular technical journals, newsletters etc. with no certain QA (identified by EFG experts)

**DATA QUALITY INFORMATION**

Lineage: (Information about the events and procedures to which the resource was subject)  
Statement: (generic description from the resource producer's knowledge concerning the lineage)

• Lineage (Description: 0)

PEER REVIEWED

English

**DATA QUALITY INFORMATION**

Process step: (Information concerning a specific event in the creation process of the resource)  
Description: (Detailed text description of the process step)

• Process step (Description: 0)

Review approval

2019-08-07

English

• Process step (Description: 0)

Publication

2019-08-02

English

**DATA QUALITY INFORMATION**

Source: (Information about the source data employed in creating the resource)

• Source (Description: 0)

English

**METADATA INFORMATION**

Overall information concerning the metadata, i.e. about the people/organization who insert the record related to the research/knowledge product.

The interface provides the exact same fields and tags to be completed as in the Resource Identification Information.

Contacts: (Identification of the party responsible for the metadata information)

Individual name\*

Organization name\*

Position name: (Role or position of the responsible person)

Role: (Function performed by the responsible party)

Contact information: (Phone and/or fax numbers)

Address: (Street, City, Administrative area, Postal code, Country)

E-mail address:

Website:

## **Annex 2: Programme and photos of the national workshops per country**

## 1. BELGIUM (12 October 2016)

- Registration
- Welcome note (Nuno da Silva)
- Project overview (Alain Dassargues)
- HRC-SYS ground water research classification (Alain Dassargues)
- EIGR European Inventory of Groundwater Research (Dirk De Coster)
- KINDRA outputs for Flanders and Brussels (Dirk De Coster)
- KINDRA outputs for Wallonia (including practical search query online) (Alain Dassargues)
- KINDRA outputs for Luxembourg (Dirk De Coster)
- Questions and feedback



## 2. CROATIA (20 October 2016)

- Welcome note (Kosta Urumovic)
- Project overview (Kosta Urumovic)
  - HRC-SYS ground water research classification (Kosta Urumovic)
  - EIGR European Inventory of Groundwater Research (Kosta Urumovic)
- Discussion



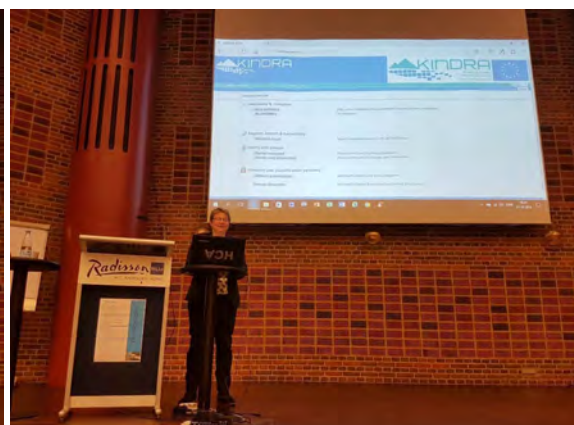
### 3. CZECH REPUBLIC (15 September 2016)

- Horizont 2020 (prof. Mirko Vanecek)
- Current task and questions of the Czech hydrogeology (Josef V. Datel)
- Introduction to the KINDRA project – European groundwater information database (Michal Vaněček)
- HRC-SYS: Hydrogeology research classification (Petr Novák)
- EIGR (European Inventory in Groundwater Research) – an online tool for hydrogeology information inventory across Europe (Petr Novák)
- Discussion



### 4. DENMARK (27 October 2016)

- Project overview and HRC-SYS ground water research classification (Hinsby Klaus)
- EIGR European Inventory of Groundwater Research with examples from Denmark (Lisbeth Flindt Jørgensen)
- Discussion





## 5. FINLAND (27 September 2016)

- Welcome words (Pekka Ihalainen)
- Presentation of the latest groundwater research made by Uusimaa Centre for Economic Development, Transport and the Environment (Timo Kinnunen)
- Lunch
- Presentation of KINDRA project (Ulpu Väisänen)
- Presentation of the latest groundwater research in GTK (Nina Hendriksson)
- Presentation of the latest research in University of Helsinki (Mia Kotilainen)
- Discussion



## 6. FRANCE (27 September 2016)

- Hydrogeological Research Classification System (HRC-SYS) (Hinsby Klaus)
- Project- European Inventory of Groundwater Research (EIGR) (Van Der Keur Peter)
- End user requirements (Fernandez Isabel)
- Relevance for implementation of EU Water Directives (Marco Petita)
- Discussion



## 7. GERMANY (16 September 2016)

- KINDRA Project: classification and inventory of groundwater research and knowledge in Europe (Isabel Fernandez)
- Some Experiences in the Stress Field of Mining and Groundwater Management (Walter Lenz)
- Discussion



## 8. GREECE (26 May 2015)

- AGG role in the designation of geology and the active participation and collaboration with EFG (Xenophon Stavropoulos)
- Groundwater resources situation in Greece (Konstantinos Voudouris)
- KINDRA project overview: a knowledge inventory for hydrogeology research (Pavlos Tyrologou)
- ElGR (European inventory in groundwater research). A useful online tool for the inventory of the groundwater knowledge in Europe (introduction and examples) (Triantafyllos Kaklis)
- Discussion





## 9. HUNGARY

- The KINDRA Project. Knowledge Inventory for Hydrogeology Research (Éva Hartai)
- The HRC-SYS. A new approach to structuring the hydrogeological researches (Viktória Mikita, Péter Szücs, Éva Hartai)
- The European Inventory of Groundwater Research (EIGR), aims and structure (Viktória Mikita, Péter Scharek)
- The use of terrestrial heat in Hungary on the basis of an example in Debrecen (Endre Bitay, Tünde Gombos, Ferenc Pálfalvi, Anita Jobbik, Marianna Vadászi)
- The geological description of Tokaj Mountains and the possibility of thermal water research (Lajos Göőz)
- Water tracer tests in Haragistya – Szilice – Borzova carstic region (Péter Gruber, Dagmar Haviarová, Ilma Balázs, Tibor Mátrahalmi, Antal Serfőző, Magdolna Ambrus)



## 10. ITALY (20 October 2016)

### Introduction session

- Welcome greetings (National Council of Geologists, Department of Earth Sciences)
- About the Horizon2020 KINDRA project (Marco Petitta, Univ. Of Rome Sapienza) -

### Water research experiences funded at European level

- Water, technology transfer and SMEs (Fernando Nardi, SC5 Horizon 2020 Expert, University for Foreigners of Perugia)
- The Groundwater Working Group programme of the European Commission (Elisabetta Preziosi, Water Research Institute on National Research Council, IRSA-CNR)
- The Ctrl-Swan Action Group (Anna Di Mauro, Ctrl-Swan Secretariat)
- An Italian - Portuguese joint project for the definition of natural background levels (nbls) in groundwater (Daniela Ducci, University of Naples Federico II)
- Coffee Break
- Open-Source Gis & modeling: The Freewat platform for water resource management (Rudy Rossetto, Scuola Superiore S. Anna, Pisa)
- Managed Aquifer Recharge: The Wadismar project (Giorgio Ghiglieri, University of Cagliari)

- The Biological component: The Aqualife project (Diana M.P. Galassi, University of L'aquila)
- Importance and effectiveness of dissemination activities of European projects dealing with groundwater (Barbara Cencur Curk, University Of Lubjiana, Slovenia)

#### **Concluding Session**

- Structure and interface of EIGR inventory (Andrea Del Bon, Cng Expert/Consultant)
- Debate (Led By Speakers): The water issue in the European agenda
- Conclusions



## **11. NETHERLANDS**

- Welcome by Jan Stafleu, secretary of the board of KNGMG
- Introduction and presentation of the KINDRA project (Jan Stafleu)
- Introduction to the programme by chairman Gé van den Eertwegh
- Keynote by Roelof Stuurman (Deltares)
- Discussion round 1: identifying research gaps
- Break
- Keynote by Hans Peter Broers (TNO – Geological Survey of the Netherlands)
- Discussion round 2: possible solutions for the research gaps
- Plenary discussion and wrap-up



## 12. POLAND (12 October 2016)

- The Water Framework Directive - the role of the EU member states in achieving and maintaining good and the potential of water (B. Tomaszewska)
- Projekt Kindra. Availability of information about groundwater in Poland compared to other European countries (B. Tomaszewska, M. Dendys) Numerical modeling as a tool for hydrogeological and geothermal research (M. Dendys)
- Methodology of thermal water sampling - technical aspects (K. Korzec, E. Kmiecik, A. Mika, B. Tomaszewska, K. Wątor)
- Preliminary results of tests on obtaining a concentrate based on selected mineralized water (B. Tomaszewska, M. Bodzek, W. Bujakowski, M. Tyszer)
- Innovative research of the use of specific features of thermal waters Mszczonowa in the production of mineral water (B. Tomaszewska, W. Bujakowski, M. Tyszer)



## 13. PORTUGAL (11 November 2016)

- KINDRA project overview (Monica Sousa)
- HRC-SYS: Groundwater research classification (Monica Sousa)
- EIGR: European Inventory of Groundwater Research (Monica Sousa)
- Discussion





## 14. SERBIA (28 June & 16 September 2016)

- Welcome and Key note (Zoran Stevanović)
- Project overview (Vesna Ristić Vakanjac)
  - HRC-SYS ground water research classification
  - EIGR European Inventory of Groundwater Research
- ICT4WATER Movie
- Discussion



28 June 2016



16 September 2016

## 15. SLOVENIA (27 October 2016)

- Welcome and Key note (Tadej Slabe)
- KINDRA Project overview and work already done (Mihael Brenčič)
- Presentation of the work done on the Slovenian hydrogeological dictionary (Mihael Brenčič)
- Discussion on the KINDRA project and terminology



## 16. SPAIN (15 September 2016)

- Welcome note and presentation of the workshop (Manuel Regueiro)
- Framework of the H2020 projects and the role of the EFG (Nieves Sánchez)
- Project overview (M.A. Bordallo)
  - HRC-SYS ground water research classification
  - EIGR European Inventory of Groundwater Research
- Discussion



## 17. UKRAINE (4 October 2016)

- International KINDRA Project: Aims and objectives of hydrogeological research direction, status of the project, the main operating results (O.Bobrov)
- The current status of hydrogeological, engineering-geological and ecological environment in Ukraine (E.Yakovlev)
- The state of hydrogeological work in Ukraine, which performed from the state budget" (M. Gejchenko)
- Creating the databases of the hydrogeological information in GIS as a basis for reforming the system of groundwater monitoring in Ukraine according the requirements of regulatory guidance documents of the EU (N. Lyuta)
- Tactics and strategy of the hydrogeological studies in Ukraine (N. Zaritovska)
- Discussion

